

THE KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

NUMBER 511.]

WEDNESDAY, April 5, 1797.

[VOLUME X.

LEXINGTON:—Printed [on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS] by J. BRADFORD, on Main street: where Subscriptions, at Twenty-One Shillings per Annum, Advertisements, Articles of Intelligence, Essays, &c. are thankfully received, and Printing in general executed in a neat and correct manner.

CHEAP LANDS

To Be Rented,
In the Town of MILFORD, Madison
Court House,

FIVE hundred acres, part of that noted tract called Floyd's Woodstock tract, within eight miles of Lexington and seven from the Kentucky river; in the center of which is a never failing spring.

An undivided moiety of two thousand acres, first rates, situated on the waters of Bull Run creek, about three miles off Shivelyville—it is well watered, and the main road from Louisville to Shively runs through it.

We will sell the above property VERY LOW, as we are in want of money, and will give a good and sufficient title.

W. ABRAHAM & JOHN W. HUNT.

FOR SALE,

The following Tracts of LAND, the property of Capt. Thomas Bradford, (to wit.)

8000 Acres on the waters of State and Flat creeks, near the Iron Works, entered and patented in the name of William Davis. Also

1000 acres on the north fork of Licking, in Mason county, half of Sam'l Henry's 2000 acre Survey. And

500 acres, Nelson county, on Asher's creek, in the name of John Fenterton.

The above lands will be sold low for cash, or exchanged on advantageous terms for Military lands on Green river, or for good lands conveniently located in the Cumberland country. The purchaser will apply to the subscriber, living in Scott county.

WM. HENRY, Agent
For said Bradford.

August 3, 1796.

March 6, 1797.

FOR SALE, A BEAUTIFUL SITUATION OF

First qualified Land.

CONTINUING three hundred and thirty acres on main Elkhorn, four miles from the mouth thereof, where it empties into the Kentucky river, and six miles from Frankfort; the land is level and lies exceeding well for farming and meadow; there is thirty-five acres cleared and under good fence, several very good cabins, a good spring and a valuable mill seat, likewise abundance of excellent timber of different kinds, and the range equal to any in the district—a good title will be given by the subscriber, living on the premises in Franklin county.

JOS. FENWICK.
ff

PRIVATE ENTERTAINMENT
FOR MAN AND HORSE,
On Main street, next door to Doctor Downing's,
By WILLIAM ALLEN.

DOCTOR DUHAMEL,
RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has lately began to practise Physic at Millersburg and its neighbourhood—and that he proposes to continue with zeal and attention, and on moderate terms. ff

Robert & Andrew Porter,
HAVE JUST IMPORTED FROM PHILADELPHIA,
AND ARE NOW OPENING

In the Brick House, lately occupied by Messrs John & Samuel Polk, next door to Mr. Stewart's Printing Office.

A large and general Assortment of

DRUGGISTS,
CLOTHES,
GROCERIES,
HOMMONGERY,
SADDLERY,
BOOKS,
STATIONARY,
&c.

Which they will sell at a low price for Cash or Country Produce suitable for the New Orleans Market.

Lexington, Feb. 18, 1797.

JUST RECEIVED,
And now opening by

Peter January, Jun.
At the Brick Store, directly opposite the Court House,

A NEAT, compleat and well-chosen Assortment of MERCANDISE, perfectly adapted to the present and approaching season, which he offers for sale on very reduced terms.

ff Lexington, February 25.

DANCING.

R. DEVENPORT,

TAKES this method of informing the inhabitants of Lexington and its environs, that he intends opening a SCHOOL at Mr. J. Bradford's, on Friday the 24th instant, where he intends to teach Dancing in all its branches, on the most improved plan. He will introduce a variety of Reels which have never been taught in schools. By his experience and attention, he hopes to merit the approbation of those who shall encourage his undertaking.

ff Lexington, March 15.

A HOUSE and LOT, the most convenient of any in said Town for a Public House, with Stables &c. for one year, or a longer time. For terms apply to Benjamin Holliday, living near Milford.

SAMUEL ESTILL.
Nov. 7.

Wanted Immediately,
A SEER, who understands the management of negroes. Also an APPRENTICE to the Tanning business.

LEWIS CASTLEMAN.

Cash and Merchandise
WILL BE GIVEN FOR SOUND YOUNG

HORSES,

WORTH from twenty to sixty pounds each, by the subscriber, who will commence purchasing at their store in Lexington, on Monday the thirteenth instant (if being court day) and continue until the Friday following: and at James Edwards' and Co's store in Danville, on Monday the twentieth, & continue until the Saturday following, after which they will return to Lexington, and continue purchasing until the fifteenth of April.

A. & J. W. HUNT.

March 6, 1797.

A NEW STORE.

I HAVE just received into my care in the brick house, lately occupied by Mr. William Kelly in Bourbon, a large and general assortment of Dry Goods, Hard Ware, Groceries and Queen's Ware; which I am authorized to sell upon the lowest terms for Cash, well cleaned Hemp, Wheat, Rye, Tobacco, raw Hides, Furs, full proof Whiskey, Salt, Sugar, and good Flour in barrels; for which said articles of produce, a generous price will be given. I have also Iron and Nails left in my hands, to be sold for Cash. A few good Horses under seven years old, will be wanted.

AMOS EDWARDS.

Bourbon, March, 1797.

LAST NOTICE.

The partnership of M'Coun & Castleman has been some time dissolved, by mutual consent, which was made known by a former advertisement. All persons indebted to them, are earnestly requested to make payment of their respective accounts to James M'Coun, before the 10th of April next. Those who do not avail themselves of this notice, may depend on having their accounts put into the hands of proper officers for collection, as no further indulgence can be given.

JAMES M'COUN,
JOHN CASTLEMAN.

March 22.

ALL persons indebted to the late William Tandy, are hereby called on for payment; and those having any claims, are desired to exhibit them without delay, properly authenticated, to the

Fayette, March 21, 1797.

This is to inform the public, that a survey made by us, a Military warrant, in the name of John Cook, upon the North fork of Coal creek, and the South branch of Harrold's creek, containing four hundred acres, joining the lands of Abraham Hite, is sold to us, and conveyed by deed, in consequence of a patent issued by the state of Virginia, to the said John Cook; and as the said land is about to be largely improved, we hereby require all persons having any claim to the said land, to make them known, that we may be injured by improving the same.

AARON FOUNTAIN.

March 9, 1797.

FOR SALE,

400 Acres of Military Land,

Lying in the county of Clarke, about twelve miles from Lexington on the main road leading from thence to Clarke court house, adjoining the land of Hubbard Taylor.—This land lies well, is all of the first quality, and of indisputable title—a deed of general warranty will be given. Any person inclined to see it will be gratified by Mr. Taylor. The terms may be known by applying to Mr. Joseph Cosby in Lexington or to Capt. Richard Terrell on Beargrass.

Aaron Fountain.

Jefferson, March 5, 1797.

GEORGE ADAMS.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has opened Tavern, in that commodious house on Main street, the third door below Cross street; where those who please to favor him with their custom, shall meet with every possible attention.

For Sale,

SIX THOUSAND ACRES OF LAND,

ENTERED for my: John Motley, dec. and patented in the name of Littleberry Motley, her late law of said John Motley; lying on the south fork of Licking, in Madison county, beginning at one hundred poles above the mouth of a creek that runs into main Licking on the north side, about four miles below the fourth fork of Licking, and extending down Licking in ten surveys—it is unnecessary to describe the land, as the purchaser will be disposed to make the necessary inquiries previous to his making any proposals.—The title is supported by those who have carefully examined it to be unequivocal—upon paying part of the purchase money, a reasonable credit will be given for the balance.

James Brown, Esq., in fact

For Littleberry Motley, jun.

Lexington, June 15, 1795.

N. B. I will also dispose of any other Lands in Kentucky claimed by said Motley.

ALL PERSONS

INDEBTED to the late partnership of IRWIN & BRYSON, are requested to pay their accounts or notes to THOMAS IRWIN or JOHN A. SARZ, who only can give discharge.

One month's indulgence will be given.

FOR SALE,

THE FOLLOWING TRACTS OF

LAND

IN THIS STATE—

5000 acres on the waters of Rough creek, which empties into Green river.

4000 acres on Cumberland road,

1000 acres in the big bend of Green river, ten miles above Barnett's flatiron.

1000 acres near Seven's valley, on the waters of Salt river.

3000 acres in Shelby county, joining Leathem's settlement.

400 acres on main Elkhorn, six miles from Frankfort, 45 acres cleared.

ALSO,

200 acres of an Illinois grant, opposite the Falls of Ohio.

And a large body of Land in the big bend of Tennessee river.

This will inform those who incline to purchase, that I have lately returned from exploring most of the above mentioned lands, particularly that on Tennessee—and find it to be a body of soil, timber, water and range, superior to any I have ever seen. The above mentioned tract on Elkhorn, will be either sold or rented.—For terms apply to the subscriber in Lexington.

BENJ. S. COX.

Feb. 2.

ff

JOHN JAMISON.

Franklin county, March 15, 1797.

ff

JOHN JAMISON.

LEYDEN, December 16.

Letter from Italy.

Extract of a letter from Trent, of the 24th November.

"It was after having advanced, in consequence of the success at Rivoli, and establishing his head quarters near Callenovo, in the expectation of being able to effect without loss of time his junction with general Alvinzy, that Lieutenant Field Marshal Davidovich was informed that the latter (Alvinzy) after having had the worst of it at the end of a combat of three successive days, had judged it necessary to fall back towards Montebello. As by this movement, the passes which lead from the Veronese to Tyrol, were laid open, a French corps filled on the 21st of his month from the mountains in the neighbourhood of Peri, threatening to turn the flank and hold in check the forces of general Davidovich, which were then beyond Campania. In consequence this general thought fit to make a retrograde movement, and after sending off the artillery and reserve of military stores, he caused his troops immediately to retreat. The battalions D'ehrbach and Lattermann which protected the retreat, have suffered a good deal from the fire which the French kept up from the heights. The bridge which had been established before Dolce was abandoned, and yesterday morning the French set fire to it—but they had not remained in the position they were taking. Before day-light yesterday they quitted all their positions, as well at Peri as at Olsengo and St. Andie, and also those of Tollo, St. Anne, Breonio, &c. The troops which had occupied them fell back on the side towards Verona. This sudden retreat is attributed to a new movement that general Alvinzy (informed of the advantage obtained by the forces under Davidovich) has again made an advance with his army; a movement which put the enemy's corps in danger of being cut off. It is moreover at present believed to be ascertained that the French troops which had advanced by the mountains on the side of Peri, to take our forces in flank, do not exceed 3000 men. Thus the retreat of general Davidovich, dictated by prudence, has given rise to other dispositions which announce the march of our forces again towards Peri. The commander, after having re-united his forces in the environs of Ala, has pushed forward several battalions and squadrons, which have driven the enemy's detachments from the points where they still made their appearance. He detached at the same time a corps of one thousand men, composed of part of riflemen, to post themselves above Valle Freda, in order to cut off the French, and to put them, if possible between two fires. Since yesterday general Davidovich was to begin his march with the remainder of his force. Indeed we hear this instant that he has removed his head quarters from Ala to Peri, and that our troops push forward on all sides against the French posted behind Rivoli. It is believed that to-morrow they will be attacked, an undertaking which may be expected to succeed, provided general Alvinzy on his part should advance towards Verona.

Extract of a letter from Vicenza, of November 24.

"The successes obtained in this dreadful war on our frontier, have proved but momentary. General Davidovich, a victor in the affair of Rivoli, the 17th of this month, is obliged quickly to retreat with the loss of part of his rear guard. The news is received here that in consequence of this disadvantageous conflict, which took place on the 21st, he was obliged to fall back on the side of Ala, on the frontiers of Tyrol.

"Nevertheless, general Alvinzy, being informed of the victory of Rivoli, advanced towards Verona. He proceeded near to Caldiera, when he heard of the retreat of general Davidovich. Then he in turn fell back to Vicenza, on his way as far in the rear as Bassano, in order to secure his baggage, and to concert fresh operations. In the alternative of these fruitless efforts to effect the junction of the two imperial armies, it is uncertain what will be the final event in respect to Mantua, the blockade of which was prematurely stated to be raised, and where Marshal Wurmser appears to be in want of sufficient force to co-

perate effectually with the armies which came to relieve him.

Letter from general Buonaparte to general Clark.

Your nephew Elliot, was slain in the field of battle at Arcote. This young man had become well acquainted with arms: he often marched at the head of the columns: he would have been hereafter a valuable officer. He died with glory, facing the enemy, and did not suffer one infant. Who would not envy such a death? Who is there that contemplating the changes of life, would not claim the privilege of quitting this worthless world in such a manner? Who among us has not a hundred times lamented that he had not thus got out of the reach of calumny, of envy, and of all the hateful passions which seem almost exclusively to direct the conduct of mankind?

NEW-YORK, February 23.

The following important Arrest, received by Capt. Gibaut, from Gaudaloupe, is just handed us in the original French and we translate it for the Minerva, without delay.

Equality, Liberty.

The special agents of the Executive Directory in the West-Indies.

Considering that the ports, of the Islands, at the windward and leeward, as well as those of Demarara, Essequibo, and Berbice, delivered up to the English occupied and defended by the engravers, are in a state of permanent siege, and ought not to enjoy the same advantages as the ports of the different English Colonies possessed by that power before the war, and by other title.

Considering it to be contrary to every principle to treat a horde of rebels, without country, without government or flag, with the same regard which civilized nations observe among themselves during war:

Considering that by authentic acts in our possession, it is proved that divers places of the colonies delivered to the English by the French Dutch rebels, belong not to the British government, more than La Venetie, in which the English minister had also their mercenary troops, regiments in their pay, wearing the same uniform as the troops of the King of England:

Considering that by virtue of the second article of the treaty of alliance concluded at Paris, February 6th 1778 between the United States and France, the former power engages to defend the possessions in America in case of war, and the government and commerce of the United States have strangely abused the forbearance of the French Republic, in turning to her detriment the favours which had been accorded to them, of entering & trading in all ports of the French Colonies;

By permitting for a longer time neutral vessels to carry provisions of war and of subsistence, to men evidently in a state of rebellion we should be the means of prolonging civil war, the calamities and the crimes which proceed therefrom—order as follows:

Article I. The ships of the Republic and French privateers are authorized to take and conduct into the ports of the republic neutral vessels destined for the Windward and Leeward Islands of America, delivered up to the English occupied and defended by the emigrants.

These ports are Martinique, St. Lucia, Tobago, Demarara, Berbice, Essequibo, and at the leeward, Port au Prince, St. Marks, l'Archayes and Jérémie.

Article II. Every armed vessel having a commission from either of those ports, shall be reputed a pirate and the crews adjudged and punished as such.

Art. III. The vessels and cargoes, described in the first and second articles, are declared good prize and shall be sold for the benefit of the captors.

Art. IV. Every vessel taken which shall be cleared out to the West-Indies generally, is comprehended in the first and second article.

Art. V. The order of last Nivoleigh in pursuance of the decree of the executive directory of the 4th Miser, 4th year, shall be executed till further orders, in every particular not contravening this ordinance.

This order shall be printed, transcribed in to the register of the criminal tribunal and of commerce, sent to French colonies, read, published, and

posted up wherever it may be necessary.

It shall be notified officially to the central governments of St. Croix, St. Thomas, and St. Bartholomew.

Enjoining on the criminal tribunal and of commerce in Gaudaloupe, their delegates in the different French colonies and other where on the admiral commandant on the West-India station and on the chief of the administration, strictly to execute this arrest, each in his respective department.

Done at Basseterre, Gaudaloupe, the 13th Pluviose, 5th year of the French Republic, one and indivisible.

(Signed) VICTOR HUGHES,
LEGAS.

WASHINGTON, February 14.

There is a report in circulation that Mr. Elliot, who was appointed on the part of the United States, to run the lines agreeable to the Spanish treaty, has been killed by a party of Creek Indians. Other particulars are not yet come to our knowledge, and we sincerely hope that the rumour may be groundless.

Wanted Immediately,

THREE or four good Journeyman Breeches Makers, and two good Journeyman Skin Dressers, to whom generous wages will be given.

GEORGE HEYTEL.

Lexington, April 5. 1797.

Wanted,

A Young Man, as an attendant to a school, about the age of fifteen years, who can come well recommended, and can write a fair hand. Apply to the Printer hereof.

Private Entertainment

FOR MAN & HORSE,
B Y the subscriber in the house lately occupied
by Mr. Halden Edwards in Frankfort, and formerly by Daniel Gano.

RICHARD M. GANO.

April 4. 1797.

NOTICE,

ON the twentieth day of May next, I shall attend with the commissioners appointed by the county court of Shelby, on the following entry, "Jacob Newland enters four hundred acres upon a treasury warrant, about two miles up the second West fork of Drennon's lick creek, beginning three and three fourths above the second fork in the said creek, and to run South-East one hundred poles, thence from the beginning two hundred poles, thence from the beginning two hundred poles North-West, thence at right angles to the same, up for quantity, including a cabin, built by Jacob Newland, then and there to take on oath the deposition or depositions of such witness or witnesses, testifying the premises, and do such other acts and things as by law the said commissioners are authorized and required to do for the purpose of ascertaining the calls in said entry."

JOSEPH DUUR, Agent
for Jonah Seaman.

March 23, 1797.

WHEREAS William Worley of Frankfort, has obtained by way of deception, an obligation of mine for Fifty Pounds, to be paid in a horse in May 1798. I hereby warn all persons from taking an assignment of said obligation, as I am determined not to pay it until compelled by law.

HENRY GULLIAN.

March 30, 1797.

WHEREAS a separation between my wife Martha Vanmeren and myself has taken place, all persons are hereby, advised to wait credit her on my account, as I will no doubt desist of her contracting after the date hereof.

ISAAC VANMATER.

Hardin county, March 31, 1797. *it.

Taken up by the subscriber,

living near Washington, in Mason county, a female, two or three years old, a small star in her face, no visible brand, about thirteen hands high, appraised at 10l.

STEPHEN FLEMMING.

December 17, 1796.

NOTICE,

ON the fifteenth day of May next I shall attend with the commissioners appointed by the county court of Shelby, on the following entry, "Jacob Newland enters four hundred acres upon a treasury warrant, about two miles up the second West fork of Drennon's lick creek, running up said West fork on both sides for quantity," then and there to take on oath the depositions of laundry witnesses touching the premises, and do such other acts and things as by law the said commissioners are authorized and required to do for the purpose of ascertaining the calls in said entry and perpetuate the testimony thereof.

SAMUEL SHANNON.

March 22, 1797.

Taken up by the subscriber, on the water of Mc Connell's Scott town, a bright grey filly, 7 or 8 years old, 14 hands high branded on the nose back to all appearance 1S, likewise a blue spring horse colt, a bay with a small star in his forehead no brand, the tail appraised to 10l, and an Iron gray filly, 7 or 8 years old, fourteen hands high, with a mousy colored face, a white brand, appraised to 8l.

SAMUEL GALLAWAY.

March 22, 1797.

LEXINGTON:

Wednesday, April 5, 1797.

FROM THE MINERVA.

The Democrats call the Federalists the British party, who in turn retort upon the Democrats, the French party.

Time the great friend of truth, has at length, decided those cross actions, in his high court of appeal. For we have British spoliations on our trade, and French spoliations. The conduct of the two parties on these two occasions, forms a faithful test of their real principles. Words are but wind and are most lavishly used, when these is the most occasion to deceive.

The Federalists did not justify the British spoliations—the Democrats do those of the French, and say we have provoked them, such treatment is good enough for us, &c.

The Federalists said, try negotiations on full—despatch British debts, said the Demos, no envoy, no treaty, reprisals, embargo, prohibit commerce, &c.

As to French spoliations, Federal men, true to their old principles, insist, we must cultivate harmony with all nations, Gen. Pinckney we hope, will remove the affected pretext of French complaints. The Democrats not content with this, multiply expressions of affection for the French, and their curses on our own government. Instead of demanding justice, they encourage more captures, they give a supper to Barney, for publishing his orders to plunder his own countrymen.

Yet the Democrats called our sending an envoy to great Britain, philandering.

The propriety of this charge is also put in its true light by facts. The Federalists allow that if Britain refused justice, they would fight her, but to ask for it, seemed too pusillanimous to the Democratic heroes.

France has played the pirate on our trade in contempt of treaties. The Federalists say not a word about fighting France, they move in congress no sequestration or prohibition acts or embargo. The champions of their honest and wife measures are now mute. Nay, because the Federalists speak of national faith and justice, the Demos charge them with a design to make war on France. Their Gazettes proclaim that the first gun fired against France will be our ruin. In a word, the contest between Federal and Democratic conduct, in the case of British and French spoliations, completely prove that the former are not the British party; they are truly the Americans.

If the Democrats are not in French pay, it is equally established by facts, they are degenerate Americans.

These ideas are too obvious to escape the public discernment. To counteract them, the Democrats already begin to attack and accuse the Federalists of inconstancy.

From the Morning Chronicle, The character of General Washington is now brought forward to an admiring world in a new point of view. When we saw him the hardy supporter of his country's independence, marching at the head of his brave battalions and leading them on to victory and triumph, he extracted from us all that the warrior engaged in the best of causes can ever claim. When we beheld him after giving liberty to millions, establishing its bounds by a wise and provident policy, and securing its existence by just and salutary laws, we applauded the knowledge and venerated the skill of the legislator. At length we find the character of the man completely unfolded, and the evening of a life which in its meridian exhibited the more resplendent qualities of the hero and the philosopher, gilded with a display of the softer virtues of the heart. He now lays aside those laurels which were so honorably won, and which sat so gracefully upon his brow; he leaves the high constitution station to which he was raised by the unanimous voice of the country and the duties of which he discharged so much to his own honor and the advantage of America, and the regal and pious wishes of his fellow citizens. He devolved the execution of those laws which he has framed upon a successor, delirious himself while passing

through the vale of years, to share those blessings which they are calculated to administer. He forsakes all that ambition can prize, all that honor or can confer, all for which power is estimable for the pleasures of retirement and the enjoyment of his re-election, thus bidding defiance to the tongue of calumny, and leading an example of moderation and disinterestedness to future Presidents of the American Congress.

An act directing the mode of taking the sense of the people respecting a Convention.

WHEREAS the eleventh article of the constitution declares that the citizens of this state may have an opportunity to amend or change the constitution in a peaceable manner, if to them it shall seem expedient, and directs that the persons qualified to vote for representatives shall at the general election to be held in the year 1797, vote also by ballot for, or against a convention as they shall severally chuse to do: and if it shall appear that a majority of the citizens of this state voting for representatives have voted for a convention the general assembly shall direct that a similar ballot shall be taken the next year, and if there shall then appear a majority, the general assembly shall then call a convention for the purpose of re-adopting, amending or changing this constitution.

It is therefore enacted by the general assembly, that the judges of the several elections shall make due report of the number voting for and against a convention to the respective sheriffs superintending the said elections: and the said sheriffs shall cause the same to be entered in their general return of representatives to serve for the year 1797, for their county; and the sheriffs of each county shall moreover cause a notice of this act to be fixed at the court house, and also to be read every day at the opening of the polls.

This act to commence and be in force from and after the passage thereof.

EDMD. BULLOCK, S. H. R.
ALEX. S. BULLIT, speaker
of the senate.

Approved February 21, 1797.

JAMES GIBBARD, G. K.

Having heard nothing further of the report published in our last, of a family being killed on the Sciota, we are in hopes it is without any foundation in fact.

The failure of the mail this week will account for our having no late foreign news; what excuse the mail carriers or postmen have for their failing at times we cannot tell; and the newspaper complaints are not likely to produce any inquiry into the true cause of those failures, we earnestly hope the different postmasters will communicate those failures to the Post-master general, that proper steps may be taken to remedy the evil.

The trustees of the Pennsylvania Society, will meet in Lexington, on the 11th inst., by adjournment.

STRAYED OR STOLEN
FROM the subscriber, on the 25th of March, one mare and two horses. A reward of two dollars for each and reasonable charges will be allowed to whoever will deliver them in Millersburg.—The mare is a bright bay color, has neither brand or mark, she is about 7 years old, and above 15 hands high, trots remarkably well and was lately shod round. One horse is the same age and size, brown bay, branded on the shoulder MB, the left hind foot, swelled, and a small white mark in the forehead. The other horse is smaller, brown bay five years old, slender made, branded on the shoulder with a heart, and has remarkable long ears.

J. SAVARY,
Millersburg, Hington's fork.

Ten Dollars Reward
To whoever will take up and bring home, to the subscriber living on Cane run, in Scott county, a mulatto man by the name of Major who closed the 2d instant, about 22 years old, had on a striped shore coat, yellow short breeches, a pair of twisted buckles has a piece out of the left side of his nose.

JOHN SUTTON.
March 4.

Taken up by the subscriber in Fayette county, a bay horse, about 13 hands high, 8 years old, his near hind foot white, a small star in the forehead, some saddle spots, no brand perceptible, shod before. Appraised to \$81.

GEO. BOSWELL.

Feb. 2d. 1797.

NOTICE,

THAT on the 20th day of May next, I shall attend with the commissioners appointed by the county court of Shelby, on an entry made in the name of Charles Seaman, for 1000 acres upon a treasury warrant, on the main branch of Drennen's lick creek, about 2 miles above the second fork of said creek, joining a preemption of James Hannah's on the south-west corner and running up said creek on both sides thereof for quantity, including a cabin built by Jacob Newland, then and there to take on oath, the depositions of such witnesses as shall be brought forward, to prove the improvement, boundaries or any special place called for in the aforesaid entry, and to do such other acts & things in the premises, as by the act of assembly in such case made and provided. Also, to prove James Hannah's entry on a pre-emption warrant of 1000 acres No. 978, about 6 miles up Drennen's lick creek, lying up the second fork of said creek, beginning about half a mile up, in the said fork, including a cabin built by Jacob Newland, also to include both branches of the said creek, and up for quantity, for the purpose of establishing Charles Seaman's entry, which calls to adjoin it on the South-west corner, and to do such other acts in aid of Hannah's claim as is required by law to perpetuate the same.

JOSEPH DUPUY, agent

for Jonathan Seaman, who is

her to Chas. Seaman dec'd.

March 25, 1797. 86° f

A Saddle Loft.

LAST night my horse broke loose in Lexington, and when I found him to-day, the saddle was gone—it was about half worn, with a red striped cloth, and a new furlinge with white edges, there was a furrow coated on the saddle. Any person that has found the same and will leave them with Col. Patterson in Lexington, shall receive a generous reward.

ROBERT PATTERSON

March 28. 51°

NOTICE.

THE partnership between Peter January, Thomas January and Peter January, jun. trading under the firm of

PETER JANUARY, jun. & Co.

was dissolved, by mutual consent, the first of June last, and the books and papers thereof placed in the hands of Thomas January, for adjustment. The subscriber therefore now earnestly requests such persons as are indebted to the said co-partnership, to make immediate payment of their respective balances, in order that he may be enabled to discharge the debts due by the said firm.

THOS. JANUARY.

March 20, 1797.

This is to give notice to all whom it may concern.—That Christopher Kiser died, gave me a mortgage on his property, and a power of attorney for me to act in his absence in the year 1788.—The said Kiser was largely in debt, and paid a few debts, but there remained against him and me by Samuel Snowden for the sum of \$400.—The executors for the said Christopher Kiser deed, refuses a settlement with me, which, if I cannot obtain by the first of May next, I shall take such necessary steps as the law directs.

4W MICHAEL COOKINDORFER.

All persons indebted to the estate of Richard Abbot dec'd. are requested to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands, to bring in their accounts properly authenticated, and I am ready to settle with them.

JONATHAN NIXON, Exor.

March 9, 1797.

Taken up by the subscriber, living on cane run, near east Robert's Muddy, a grey bay mare, about three and a half hands high, two years old, neither docked nor brayed, feed before, appraised to ten pounds.

ABRAHAM MINNICKER.

December 5. 3°

Taken up by the subscriber, on Lulburg, a black mare, judged to be 3 years old lat spring, about thirteen and a half hands high, a small star in her forehead, branded on the left thigh E C, appraised to \$13 1/2.

WILLIAM HAZLERIG.

January 24th, 1797.

FOR SALE,

The tract of LAND on which I now live, lying about two miles from Lexington, near the Georgetown road, containing two hundred acres; it is well watered and timbered; about 50 acres cleared—the title indistinct.

To terms agreed to by the subscriber

FRANCIS DILL.

tf March 24.

Blank Deeds for sale.

NOTICE,

Six Dollars Reward.

LOST from the plantation of Mr. Lewis Young, near Bryant's Station, a black HORSE, over four years old, fifteen hands high, trots, brained with O. C. leather on his near hock, and 1 Ear on his hip.

G. PENDERGRASS.

Lexington.

NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby forewarned from telling an alignment of two bonds executed by me to William Davis of Woodford county, the one for the sum of one hundred pounds, payable in July last; the other for one hundred and forty-one pounds, some odd shillings, payable in September last. Also one other bond given by me to William Hamilton of the said county, for two hundred and fifty-two pounds, some odd shillings, payable in September next; as the said bonds were obtained from me by misrepresentation, and fraudulent suggestions, and for which I have commenced a suit in the Franklin District Court, to let aside the contract, on account of fraud and misrepresentation.

JOHN GREENLEE.

March 24, 1797. 48°

FOR SALE,

10,000 ACRES OF LAND,

LYING in the wildernes to Virginia, any person disposed to purchase the above tract of land, may know the terms by applying to the subscriber at Mr. Brent's tavern, who will be there until the 15th of April.

T. TREDWAY.

Lexington, March 2, 1797. 51+

At a court of Quarter Sessions held for the county of Hardin, the 28th day of February, 1797.

William Hardin, complainant,

AGAINST

Christopher Maconico, Joseph Jones, Thomas Shore, John May, and Mary May, infant & orphans of John May, dec. and the heirs of John Banister, dec.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendants not having entered their appearance, agreeable to an act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendants are no inhabitants of this state.—On the motion of the complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered, that the defendants do appear here on the fourth Tuesday in June next, and answer the complaint's bill; and that a copy of this order be published in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively, and posted up at the door of John Vetscreele in this county, where divine service is performed.

(A copy) Teste
D. MAY, C. H. C. Q.

For sale,

THE FOLLOWING TRACTS OF LAND.

ONE tract lying in the county of Campbell, on the waters of Locust creek, containing 2699 acres. One tract, lying on Long Lick creek, a branch of Rough creek, Hardin county, about seven miles from Hardin settlement, containing 2550 acres.

The above lands will be disposed of on moderate terms; one half of the purchase money to be paid down, for the other a credit of twelve months will be given; the purchaser giving bond with appropriate security. Any person eligible to purchase may know the terms by applying to Capt. Root, Crookrod in Danville, or JOHN W. HOLT, atto. in fact 43w for THOS. HOLT.

ELEN STOUT.

March 14, 1797. 31°

Ten Dollars reward.

TOLENT out of the subscriber's stable in Lexington; early lat evening, a bright bay HORSE, five years old, fourteen and a half hands high, brained J.C. or JG I am not certain which) some saddle spots, I do not remember any other marks; paces and trots, if led up to a log or stump will step upon it, if within his reach, he was purchased last week of a Mr. Gill of Franklin county.—The above reward will be given for the thief if brought to justice, or five dollars for the horse on his being delivered to me.

ELI DAVIS.

April 4, 1797. 21°

THREE DOLLARS REWARD.

LOST in Lexington, at February court, two books of accounts kept for the Livery stable in said town. Whoever delivers said books to Col. Trotter in Lexington, or the subscriber shall receive the above reward.

MEDLEY,

NOW RISING FIVE YEARS OLD,

A BEAUTIFUL dapple gray, full fifteen hands and high, will stand at my stable on Jefferson, and will cover mares at five dollars the single leap, the money paid down, — eight dollars the season, the cash sent with the mare, — or ten dollars payable the first of August, at which time the foal will expire, — or fifteen dollars to ensure a mare with foal.

MEDLEY was bred by Thomas Wilkinton Esq. of New-Kent county, Virginia. His dam was deemed one of the finest mares in the state in the year 1785. It was got by Mrs. Wilkinton's Medley, his dam by the thoroughbred horse Godolphin, his grand dam a full blooded Dun mare. Good pasture gratis, but will not be unfeverable for accident.

N. LEWIS.

March 28, 1797.

* * * I will run Medley against any untryed covering horse in this state, for £500 the four miles of heat, at Lexington, agreeable to the rules of that place.

Lucy Gray

Having some time since been solicited by many of her friends to open a SCHOOL for the instruction of young ladies in the knowledge of

Reading, Writing,
and the various branches of
Needle-Work,

also, the art of

Drawing (priz, flowers, &c.)

for the use of the needle.

Takes the liberty of informing the public through the channel of the Kentucky Gazette, that if we can get between five and twelve genteel scholars, she will open school on the 1st day of May next, at the house of James Gray about four miles from Lexington, where she will provide good board, walking and lodging. Her price for tuition, board, &c. will be ten dollars per quarter for such ladies as please to favor her with their custom.

Steve, March 24, 1797.

Mrs. Gray would also inform the ladies of Kentucky, that she writes the Italian hand in the neatest manner, and if required, will teach the most useful rules of Arithmetic.

34

At the sign of Andrew M'Calla's Apothecary's Shop,

Near the Stray Pen, Lexington, to be sold by whole sale, the following articles for making FRENCH BRANDY, GIN & CORDIALS, (Viz.)

OIL of vitriol, Japan earth, Orrice root, Sweet spirit of natre, Amants feed, White willow bark, Red founders, Coriander feed, Carraway feed, Juniper berries.

ALSO an excellent old honye loffe, than four hundred gallons, with a powder worm with ten turns, and about seventeen pound weight of iron materials for setting it up.—The whole of which will be fold together on very low terms, and if that does not receipts for making the above liquors will be given gratis, but if divided, the above ingredients must be proportioned to each purchaser.

ALSO A FARM, of one hundred acres or upwards, on the waters of Tates creek.—It is but one mile and a half from Winters mill, and about three miles from the Kentucky River, four acres of which is a good thin meadow, a good new hewn log house, not two stories high, with an excellent firing top yard, also a good stable, sufficiently large for four horses; on the said plantation there is a good public mill seat, and two branches sufficiently large to erect a mill large enough to carry on the brewing or distilling business. The place will be sold cheap, as the possessor is in want of money.

N. B. The title indisputable.

Twenty Dollars reward.

STOLEN from the subscriber early this morning, living eight miles from Frankfort on the Shelby road,

A BAY HORSE,

fourteen hands high, six years old; Roman nose, small star in his forehead and a large snip on his nose, a fiddle spot on his near side. The man who stole him is of the following description: viz. about 5 feet 10 inches high, of a thin visage, had a light colored furrow coat, white calimer waistcoat and breeches, and an old white hat. Whoever secures said thief so that he be brought to justice, and delivers the horse to me, shall receive the above reward, or ten dollars for either thief or horse.

ELI DAVIS.

April 4, 1797. 21°

MISSING,

A CRATE of QUEENSWARE, consisting in blue and green plates and dishes, coffee pots, tea pots, coffee cups and saucers, tea cups and saucers, bowls &c. It was landed out of the horse boat, and stowed with Mr. Taylor, at Limehouse. Any information respecting it will be thankfully received by

WILLIAM WEST.

Lexington, 17th March.

N. B. The bowls and tea cups, were assorted colours.



SACRED TO THE MUSES.

ON THE RETURN OF SPRING.

Again sweet Nature o'er the sod
Flings her daffodil mantle gay;
Whilst around in sunnon mood,
Light-foot loves and graces play.

Hark! the early shepherds sing
Rural ditties to the morn;
Whilst the breath of rosy spring,
Gently cheers the dew-yet thorn.

Up the merry larkcock springs!
O'er the grafts the lambie feeds;
Whilst the maid is sweetly singing,
Flaunting, tho' unnumbered buds.

But what can nature's sweets impart?
Flow'res, or trees, or vernal grove,
Since the maid who stole my heart,
Beauteous Delia flights my love?

A traveller walking by the side of the river Severn, asked a countryman what they called that river? he answered, that they never had occasion to call it, for it always came without calling.

THAT BEAUTIFUL HORSE CALLED

Nebuchadnezzar,

A full half Dray, will stand at my stable, at the sign of the Indian King, on main street, Lexington; he is a beautiful black, mixed with a little gray, four years old, about sixteen hands one inch high; his father was a full Dray of the largest size (who was imported by General Williams, Baltimore) his dam a full blooded imported English mare.

Nebuchadnezzar will stand at five dollars the seafon, payable in merchantable produce, delivered in Lexington. Any gentleman who may choose to feed mares any distance, may have pasture at three shillings per week during the seafon, but I will not be liable for escapes or accidents.

G. ADAMS.

March 1, 1797.

ACTÆON,

THE CELEBRATED FOUR MILE HORSE,
WHOSE abilities have been proved
to the satisfaction of the public, as a horse of speed and bottom.
Actæon is a beautiful foal, fifteen
hands high, fine for the saddle, and I
warrant him a fine foal getter; he will
make mares this spring at Obed Flan-
cock's, in Woodford county, at Two
Dollars and a half the Leap, Four
Dollars Cash, or Five Dollars in Pro-
perty, the Seafon, and will ensure
mares with foal for eight Dollars.

SIMEON BUFORD,
AND OBED HANCOCK.

PERDREE.

ACTÆON's sire and dam, were
full brother and sister; they were got
by col. Dandridge's famous horse
Fearnought; their dam was got by the
old imported horse Fearnought, their
granddame was got by old Jolly Roger,
out of a fine mare, brought from Eng-
land by the late col. John Chiswell.

PERFORMANCE.

FROM A PRINTED ADVERTISEMENT.

He won a purse the fall he was three
years old at New-Market, beating Mr.
Adkin's Gray, Mr. Wortham's Medley,
Mr. Jones's Flimmap, Dr. Dickenson's
Nutcracker, &c. The fall he was
four years old, he ran for a purse at
New-Market, against Col. Ash's Roe-
back, Bellair, &c. Roeback won the
first heat, Bellair the second, and dis-
tanced all the horses that started ex-
cept Bumpard; he started for the
third heat, and run up within twelve
feet of Bellair. Eight days from that
time he ran at Cabbid Point, and dis-
tanced the field. The fall he was five
years old he ran a match two miles,
and won it with ease; and the fall he
was seven years old ACTÆON BEAT HIM
as above.

BUMPARD'S PERFORMANCE.

FROM A PRINTED ADVERTISEMENT.

He won a purse the fall he was three
years old at New-Market, beating Mr.
Adkin's Gray, Mr. Wortham's Medley,
Mr. Jones's Flimmap, Dr. Dickenson's
Nutcracker, &c. The fall he was
four years old, he ran for a purse at
New-Market, against Col. Ash's Roe-
back, Bellair, &c. Roeback won the
first heat, Bellair the second, and dis-
tanced all the horses that started ex-
cept Bumpard; he started for the
third heat, and run up within twelve
feet of Bellair. Eight days from that
time he ran at Cabbid Point, and dis-
tanced the field. The fall he was five
years old he ran a match two miles,
and won it with ease; and the fall he
was seven years old ACTÆON BEAT HIM
as above.

NOTICE, to those whom it may concern.—That whereas I have purchased of Richard Chinoweth of Jefferson county, an arbitration bond on Col. Wm. Fleming of Virginia, and have given him in exchange, my due-bill for fifty-six pounds in merchandise; but have been credibly informed since, that there is a deception in the bond, this is to forewarn any person from trading for or taking an affidavit on the said due-bill, as I am determined not to discharge it until I hear to the contrary.

JOHN CLAY.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER

HAS several tracts of Land in different parts of Kentucky, for sale, which he will dispose of reasonably.

JOHN CLAY.

Lexington, th August, 1796.

Just Arrived at Limestone,
And will be opened in the course of
the ensuing week, at the subscriber's store
in Lexington, a large and general
assortment of

MERCHANDISE,

Suited to the present and approaching season;

Which will be sold, wholesale or retail, on the lowest terms for Calfs, or the following articles of produce: flour, klin-dried indian meal, hemp, wheat, rye, corn, barley, oats, bacon, butter in firkins, tallow, whisky, peach brandy, feathers, beefeck, country made sugar and linen, or any other articles of produce that can be made to answer the Orleans market.

SAM. PRICE, & CO.

Feb. 18, 1797.

NEW ORLEANS.

THE Subscribers will engage a number of Able Bodied MEN, to conduct their Boats to New Orleans. Liberal wages will be given—Apply to

SITZ & LAUMAN.

* A generous price will be given for clean WHEAT, HEMP, and TALLOW, in MERCHANDISE. Apply as above.

Lexington, November 23.

FRESH GOODS.

Just received and now opened, by JAMES TROTTER,

At his Store in Lexington, A large and general assortment of

Merchandise,

Which will be sold on the lowest terms for Calfs and Country made Linen and Sugar.

March 12.

N O T I C E ,
THAT agreeably to a law passed last session of assembly, the subscribers intend to make application to the county court of Shelby, in May next, to establish a town on their land on the Ohio, at the mouth of eighteen mile creek.

A proportionate number of LOTS in every part of said Town, will be sold at the following times and places: (viz.) On the premises, on Thursday, the 3d of August if fair, if not, on the next fair day: at Bairdflown, on the 8th, (being court day,) and at Frankfort, on the 15th, (being also court day.) Twelve months credit will be given, the purchasers giving bond and approved security.

JOSEPH DUPUY,
HERMAN BOWMAR.

February 8, 1797. 2:30 P.M.

P.S. Any person wishing to settle sooner, may contract privately. Advantageous leases will be given for the lands adjoining the town. No sales to be held pursuant to the former notice it having been found illegal.

J. D.

H. B.

Public Notice,

that we shall on the first day of May court next, for the county of Jefferson, move the said court to leave to establish a town on a tract of land of the subscribers lying in said county, on the sinking fork of Bear-grafs, where the main road from the seat of government to Louisville crosses the same.

WILLIAM CHAMBERS,
PHILIP BUCKNER.

Blank Subpoenas for Quarter Session Court clerks.

TO BE LET

FOR the term of three years, the Plantation I formerly lived on, situated in the county of Mercer and on Chaplain's fork (between widow Harbinson's and Thomas Harbinson's) on the road leading from the Knob lick to Bairdflown—near sixty acres well cleared, fifteen of which are set with timothy grafts, four acres of an apple and peach orchard, with necessary buildings, and an excellent spring—terms apply to Samuel Ewing esq. living near the premises.

W. M. M'BRYERS.

Richard Coleman,

TAKES this method of resuming this great thanks to his former customers; and begs leave to inform them and the public in general, that he has removed to that commodious house lately occupied by Capt. Walker Baylor, on Short street, in this place: where he will continue to keep good entertainment for man and horse. He would wish to take a few gentle boarders.

at Lexington, March 6.

N. B. The subscriber begs leave to inform his friends, that he would wish to take a few handling horses, as he is furnished with the best offer in Kentucky.

R. COLEMAN.

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

HAVE just received and are now opening at their Store in Lexington, a large and general assortment of

MERCHANDISE.

WHICH will sell low for Cash, Hemp, Wheat, Butter, Hog's Lard, Tallow and Tari; all which will give the highest price for, at their Store in Lexington, Cynthiana, E. Winter's Mills at the mouth of Pat's Creek, or any Ware House on the Kentucky River.

MOODY & DOWNING

December 19, 1796.

To the Patrons of Literature.

HAVING with infinite concern observed the little attention that is paid to the instruction of youth in the grammatical principles of the English language in most of our schools, both in town and country, I find after the most accurate enquiry into the state of the case, and deliberate investigation of the subject, that this enormous neglect must be principally attributed to the manner in which the fundamental & indispensably necessary science has hitherto been treated.

There are indeed a few systems extant which merit a considerable degree of esteem; but these being originally designed for young men who have been initiated in classical studies, are consequently unfit for the information of the ignorant, and entirely above the capacities of children.

The majority of treatises which have heretofore been published on this subject, are written in such a latinized, drossy and circumlocutory style, that they are almost (if not altogether) unintelligible not only to pupils, but also to teachers who have ever been favored with a liberal education: as for those few more philanthropic writers, who have condescended to write for general information, they have done it so loose, superficial and unscientific a manner, that their performances are utterly inadequate to answer the end proposed.

In order therefore, to remove these difficulties—clear all obstructions from the way of the learner, and, in a word, render all persons inexcusable, who will not acquaint themselves with the constituent principles of their Mother Tongue; I propose publishing a concise and comprehensive system, equally free from an unnecessary prolixity and an abstruse brevity: my whole ambition being to merit the approbation and encouragement of my fellow citizens, by endeavoring to promote a more general diffusion of grammatical knowledge amongst all classes, and particularly those who may not have an opportunity of learning the grammar of other languages.

CONDITIONS.

I. The work shall be comprised in a small duodecimo volume, printed with a good type and neatly bound in boards—price Forty-One & Two Thirds Cents, the one half to be paid at the time of subscribing, and the remaining half on the delivery of the work.

II. Whoever shall procure twenty subscribers, shall be entitled to one copy, extra.

III. As soon as five hundred subscribers be obtained, the work shall be immediately put to press.

IV. If the above number of subscribers be not procured before the 25th of May next, the money received shall be punctually returned to each subscriber.

V. The subscribers names shall be prefixed as patrons of the work.

S. WILSON.

* * Subscriptions received at the office of the Kentucky Gazette, and by all those entrusted with subscription papers,